VRE302 Low Cost Precision Reference



THALER CORPORATION • 2015 N. FORBES BOULEVARD • TUCSON, AZ. 85745 • (520) 882-4000

FEATURES

• 2.500 V OUTPUT ± 0.250 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: $1.5\mu V_{p-p}$ (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

OUTPUT TRIM CAPABILITY

PIN CONFIGURATION

N.C.	1		8	NOISE
+V _{IN}	2	VRE302	7	REF. GND
TEMP	3	TOP VIEW	6	\mathbf{V}_{OUT}
GND	4		5	TRIM

FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE302 is a low cost, high precision 2.5V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +2.500V output with ±0.2500 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE302 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE302 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE302 is recommended for use as a reference for 14, 16, or 18 bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE302 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

Model	Initial	Temp.	Temp.
	Error	Coeff.	Range
	mV	ppm/°C	°C
VRE302A	0.25	0.6	0°C to +70°C
VRE302B	0.40	1.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE302C	0.50	2.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE302J	0.25	0.6	-40°C to +85°C
VRE302K	0.40	1.0	-40°C to +85°C
VRE302L	0.50	2.0	-40°C to +85°C

For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

ELECTRICAL SPECI Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10ΚΩ ur										VRE302
MODEL		A/J			B/K			C/L		
PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE RATINGS		•	•				•		•	
Power Supply Operating Temp. (A,B,C) Operating Temp. (J,K,L) Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	+13.5 0 -40 -65	+15 Continuo	+22 +70 +85 +150 us	* * *	*	* * *	* * *	*	* * *	°C °C °C
OUTPUT VOLTAGE										
VRE302 (1) Temp. Sensor Voltage		2.500 630			*			*		V mV
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERR	ORS									
Initial Error $^{(2)}$ Warmup Drift T_{min} - T_{max} $^{(3)}$ Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz) $^{(4)}$		1 6 1.5	0.25 0.6		2 * *	0.40 1.0		3 * *	0.50 2.0	mV ppm ppm/°C ppm/1000hrs μVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT										
Range	±10			*			*			mA
REGULATION										
Line Load		6 3	10		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT										
Range		10			*			*		mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRE	ENTS (5)		!				!			1
VRE302 +PS		5	7		*	*		*	*	mA
NOTES: *Same as A/J Models. 1. The temp. reference TC is 2.1mV/ °C 2. The specified values are without external trim. 4. The specified values are without the external noise reduction capacitor. 5. The specified values are unloaded.										

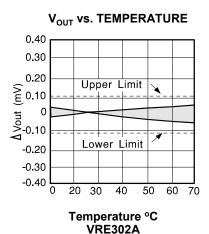
3. The temperature coefficient is determined by the box method using the following formula:

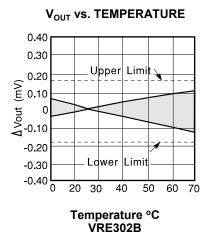
V_{max} - V_{min} x 10⁶

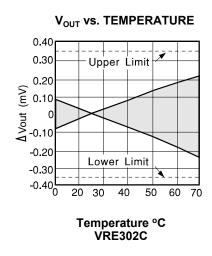
 $V_{nominal} x (T_{max}-T_{min})$

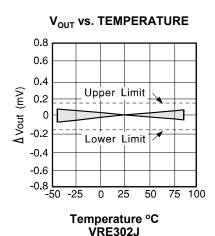
T.C. =

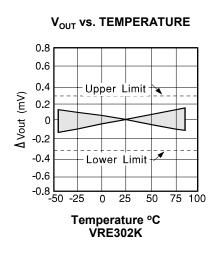
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

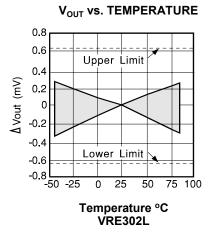




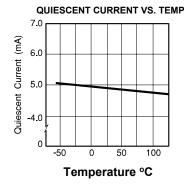


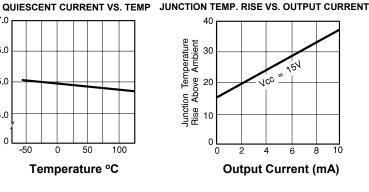


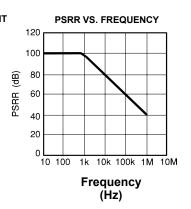




- POSITIVE OUTPUT (TYP) -







DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 2.500V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE302 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor for initial error. The VRE302 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to guiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE302

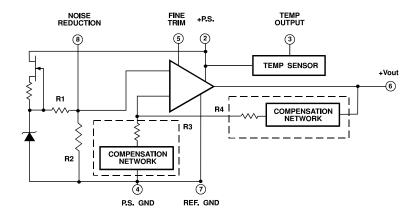


FIGURE 2

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

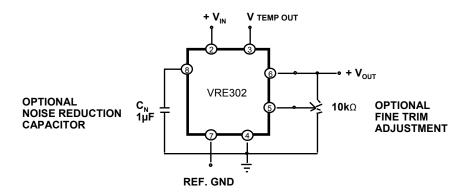
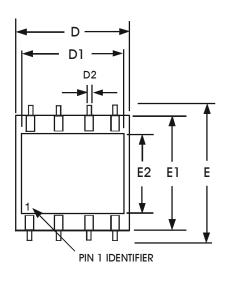
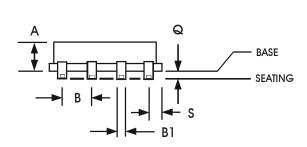


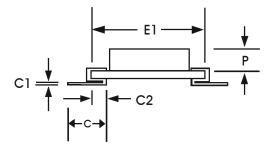
FIGURE 3

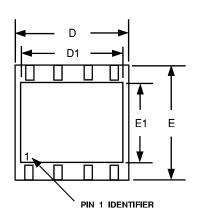
MECHANICAL



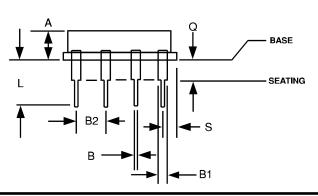
	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INC	HES	MILLII	METER
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	D2	.018	.023	0.46	0.58
В	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	Е	.507	.513	12.8	13.0
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	E1	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
С	.107	.113	2.71	2.89	E2	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
C1	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
C2	.052	.058	1.32	1.47	Q	.020	.030	.508	.762
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39
D1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65					

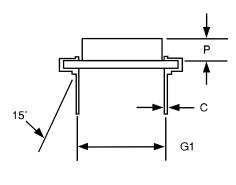






	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	Е	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
В	.018	.022	.457	.558	E1	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	G1	.290	.310	7.36	7.87
B2	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	L	.195	.215	4.95	5.46
С	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	Q	.055	.065	1.39	1.65
D 1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39





VRE302-6 Low Cost Precision Reference



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FEATURES

• 2.048 V OUTPUT ± 0.205 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: $1.5\mu V_{p-p}$ (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

OUTPUT TRIM CAPABILITY

PIN CONFIGURATION

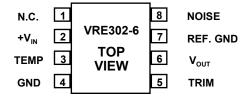


FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE302-6 is a low cost, high precision 2.5V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +2.048V output with ±0.205 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE302-6 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE302-6 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE302-6 is recommended for use as a reference for 14, 16, or 18 bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE302-6 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

	Model	Initial Error mV	Temp. Coeff. ppm/°C	Temp. Range °C
	VRE302-6A VRE302-6B	0.20 0.35	0.6 1.0	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C
ı	VRE302-6C	0.40	2.0	0°C to +70°C
ı	VRE302-6J	0.20	0.6	-40°C to +85°C
ı	VRE302-6K	0.35	1.0	-40°C to +85°C
L	VRE302-6L	0.40	2.0	-40°C to +85°C

For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS VRE302-6 Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10KΩ unless otherwise noted. **MODEL** A/J B/K C/L **PARAMETER** MIN TYP TYP TYP MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX **UNITS ABSOLUTE RATINGS** Power Supply +13.5 +15 +22 °C Operating Temp. (A,B,C) 0 +70 °C Operating Temp. (J,K,L) -40 +85 Storage Temperature +150 -65 Short Circuit Protection Continuous **OUTPUT VOLTAGE** VRE302-6 2.048 V (1) Temp. Sensor Voltage 630 mV **OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERRORS** Initial Error (2) 0.20 0.35 0.40 mV Warmup Drift 1 2 3 ppm T_{min} - T_{max} ⁽³⁾ Long-Term Stability 0.6 1.0 2.0 ppm/°C ppm/1000hrs 6 Noise (.1-10Hz) (4) 1.5 μVpp **OUTPUT CURRENT** ±10 Range mΑ REGULATION Line 6 10 ppm/V 3 Load ppm/mA **OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT** Range 10 mV POWER SUPPLY CURRENTS VRE302-6 +PS 5 7 mΑ

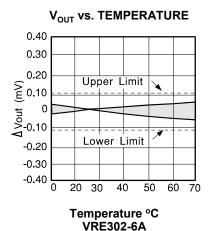
NOTES: *Same as A/J Models.

- 1. The temp. reference TC is 2.1mV/ °C
- 2. The specified values are without external trim.
- 3. The temperature coefficient is determined by the box method using the following formula:

T.C. =
$$\frac{V_{\text{max}} - V_{\text{min}}}{V_{\text{nominal}} \times (T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}})} \times 10^{6}$$

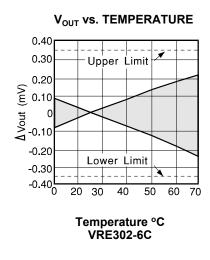
- 4. The specified values are without the external noise reduction capacitor.
- 5. The specified values are unloaded.

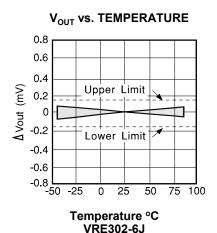
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

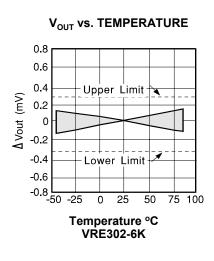


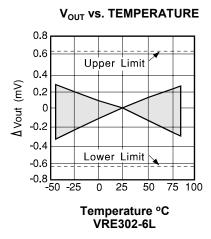
V_{OUT} vs. TEMPERATURE 0.40 0.30 Upper Limit 0.20 ∆Vout (mV) 0.10 -0.10 -0.20 Lower Limit -0.30 -0.4040 50 60 30 Temperature °C

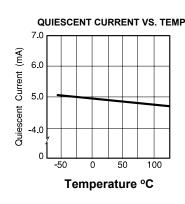
VRE302-6B

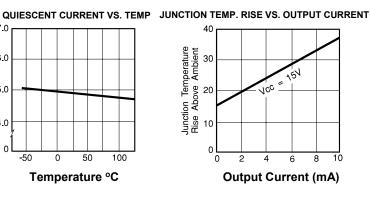


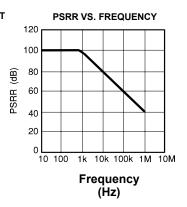












DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 2.048V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE302-6 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor for initial error. The VRE302-6 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to guiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE302-6-

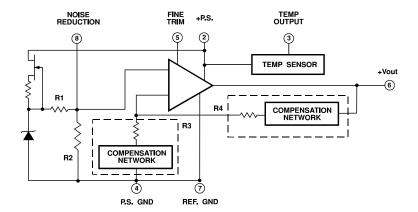
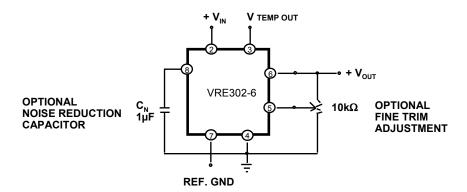


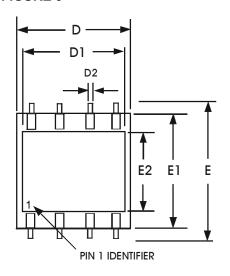
FIGURE 2

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

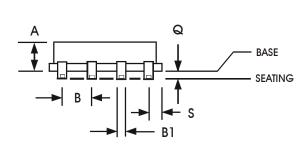


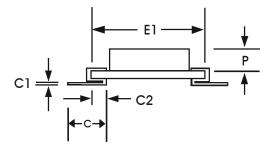
MECHANICAL

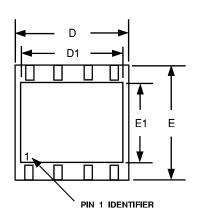
FIGURE 3



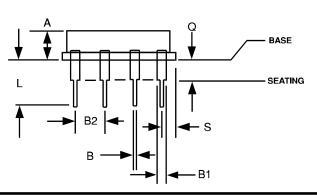
	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INC	HES	MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	D2	.018	.023	0.46	0.58
В	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	Е	.507	.513	12.8	13.0
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	E1	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
С	.107	.113	2.71	2.89	E2	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
C1	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
C2	.052	.058	1.32	1.47	Q	.020	.030	.508	.762
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39
D1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65					

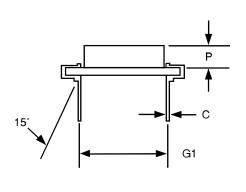






	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	Е	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
В	.018	.022	.457	.558	E1	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	G1	.290	.310	7.36	7.87
B2	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	L	.195	.215	4.95	5.46
С	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	Q	.055	.065	1.39	1.65
D 1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39





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FEATURES

• 3.000 V OUTPUT ± 0.300 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: 1.5μV _{p-p} (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

OUTPUT TRIM CAPABILITY

PIN CONFIGURATION

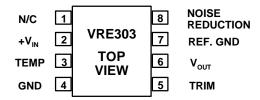


FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE303 is a low cost, high precision 3.0V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +3.000V output with ±0.3000 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE303 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE303 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. For ultra low noise applications, an external capacitor can be attached between the noise reduction pin and the ground pin. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE303 is recommended for use as a reference for 14, 16, or 18 bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE303 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

Model	Initial Error mV	Temp. Coeff. ppm/°C	Temp. Range °C
VRE303A	0.30	0.6	0°C to +70°C
VRE303B	0.48	1.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE303C	0.60	2.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE303J	0.30	0.6	-40°C to +85°C
VRE303K	0.48	1.0	-40°C to +85°C
VRE303L	0.60	2.0	-40°C to +85°C

For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

ELECTRICAL SPECI Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10ΚΩ ur										VRE303
MODEL		A/J			B/K			C/L		
PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE RATINGS		•								
Power Supply Operating Temp. (A,B,C) Operating Temp. (J,K,L) Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	+14 0 -40 -65	+15 Continuo	+16 +70 +85 +150 us	* * *	*	* * *	* * *	*	* * *	°C °C °C
OUTPUT VOLTAGE										
VRE303 (1) Temp. Sensor Voltage		3.000 630			*			*		V mV
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERR	ORS									
Initial Error ⁽²⁾ Warmup Drift T _{min} - T _{max} ⁽³⁾ Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz) ⁽⁴⁾		1 6 2.0	0.30 0.6		2 * *	0.48 1.0		3 * *	0.60 2.0	mV ppm ppm/°C ppm/1000hrs µVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT		ı	ı			ı	ı	ı	ı	
Range	±10			*			*			mA
REGULATION										
Line Load		6 3	10		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT										
Range		10			*			*		mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRE	NTS (5)									
VRE303 +PS		5	7		*	*		*	*	mA
NOTES: *Same as A/J 1. The temp. reference To 2. The specified values a 3. The temperature coeffi	C is 2.1r	ut extern		e box	no	oise redu	ıction ca	pacitor.	without t	he external
method using the followi			•							

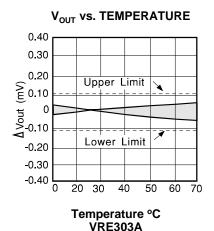
V_{max} - V_{min} x 10⁶

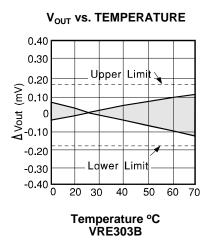
 $V_{nominal} x (T_{max}-T_{min})$

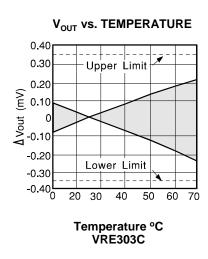
T.C. =

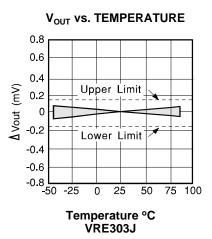
VRE303DS REV. B MAY 2001

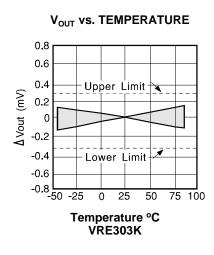
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

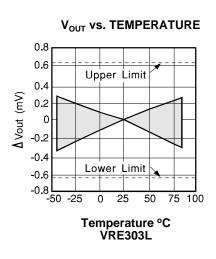


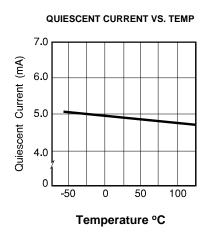


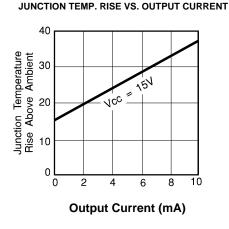


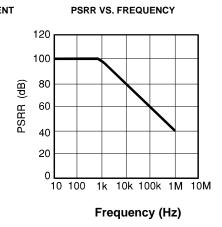












DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 3.000V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE303 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor for initial error and the optional capacitor for noise reduction. The VRE303 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE303

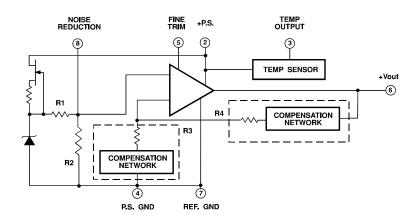
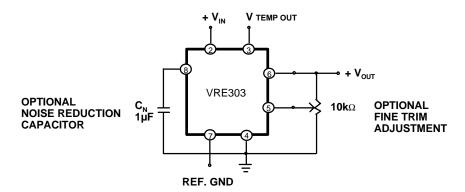


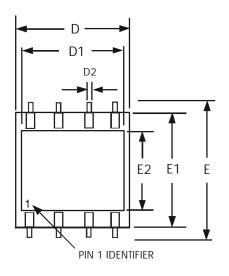
FIGURE 2

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

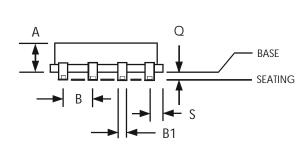


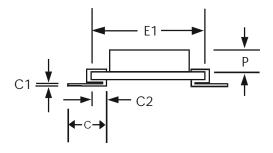
MECHANICAL

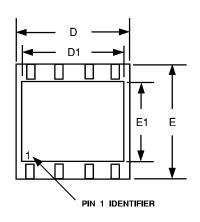
FIGURE 3



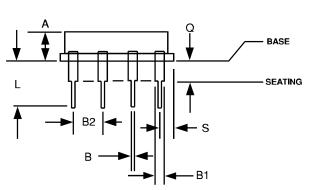
	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INC	HES	MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	D2	.018	.023	0.46	0.58
В	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	Е	.507	.513	12.8	13.0
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	E1	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
С	.107	.113	2.71	2.89	E2	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
C1	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
C2	.052	.058	1.32	1.47	Q	.020	.030	.508	.762
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39
D1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65					

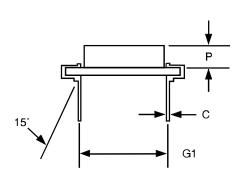






	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INC	HES	MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	E	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
В	.018	.022	.457	.558	E1	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	G1	.290	.310	7.36	7.87
B2	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	L	.195	.215	4.95	5.46
С	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	Q	.055	.065	1.39	1.65
D 1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39
	·						·		





VRE304 Low Cost Precision Reference



THALER CORPORATION • 2015 N. FORBES BOULEVARD • TUCSON, AZ. 85745 • (520) 882-4000

FEATURES

• 4.500 V OUTPUT ± 0.450 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: $3\mu V_{p-p}$ (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

OUTPUT TRIM CAPABILITY

PIN CONFIGURATION

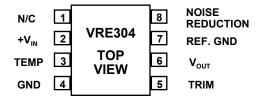


FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE304 is a low cost, high precision 4.5V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +4.500V output with ±0.4500 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE304 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE304 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. For ultra low noise applications, an external capacitor can be attached between the noise reduction pin and the ground pin. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE304 is recommended for use as a reference for 14, 16, or 18 bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE304 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

Model	Initial Error mV	Temp. Coeff. ppm/°C	Temp. Range °C
VRE304A	0.45	0.6	0°C to +70°C
VRE304B	0.70	1.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE304C	0.90	2.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE304J	0.45	0.6	-40°C to +85°C
VRE304K	0.70	1.0	-40°C to +85°C
VRE304L	0.90	2.0	-40°C to +85°C

For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

ELECTRICAL SPEC Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10ΚΩ ui										VRE304
MODEL		A/J			B/K			C/L		
PARAMETER	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE RATINGS										
Power Supply Operating Temp. (A,B,C) Operating Temp. (J,K,L) Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	+13.5 0 -40 -65	+15 Continuo	+22 +70 +85 +150 us	* * *	*	* * *	* * * *	*	* * *	, 0 0, 0
OUTPUT VOLTAGE						-				
VRE304 (1) Temp. Sensor Voltage		4.500 630			*			*		V mV
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERR	ORS								•	
Initial Error ⁽²⁾ Warmup Drift T _{min} - T _{max} ⁽³⁾ Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz) ⁽⁴⁾		1 6 3	0.45 0.6		2 * *	0.70 1.0		3 * *	0.90	mV ppm ppm/°C ppm/1000hrs μVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT										
Range	±10			*			*			mA
REGULATION										
Line Load		6 3	10		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT										
Range		10			*			*		mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRE	ENTS (5))								
VRE304 +PS		5	7		*	*		*	*	mA
NOTES: *Same as A/J 1. The temp. reference T 2. The specified values a 3. The temperature coeffi	C is 2.1n	ut extern		e hov	no	oise redu	ıction ca	pacitor.	without th	ne external
method using the follow			ea by th	e nox						

V_{max} - V_{min} x 10⁶

 $V_{nominal} x (T_{max}-T_{min})$

T.C. =

VRE304DS REV. D MAY 2001

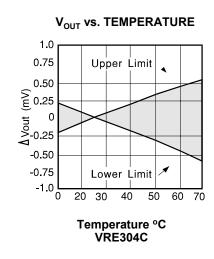
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

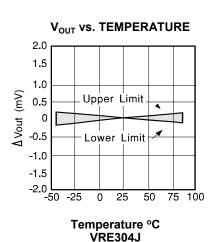
V_{OUT} vs. TEMPERATURE 1.0 0.75 0.50 (Vm) tho V 0.25 Upper Limit Lower Limit -0.50 -0.75 -1.0 20 40 50 30 60 Temperature °C VRE304A

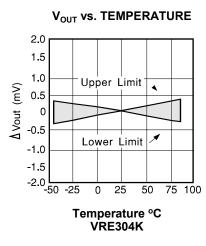
V_{OUT} vs. TEMPERATURE

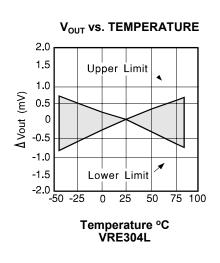
1.0
0.75
0.50
Upper Limit
0.25
-0.25
-0.50
-0.75
-1.0
0 20 30 40 50 60 70

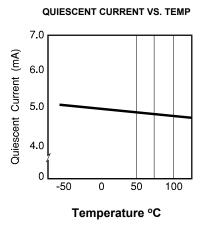
Temperature °C
VRE304B

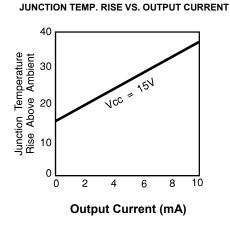


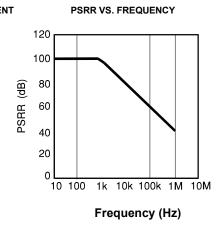












DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 4.500V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE304 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor for initial error and the optional capacitor for noise reduction. The VRE304 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE304

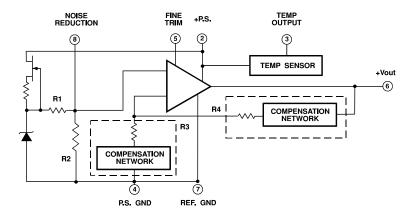
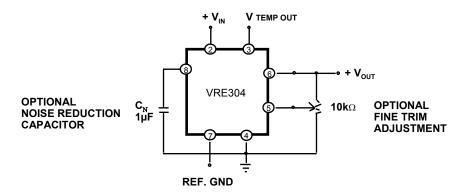


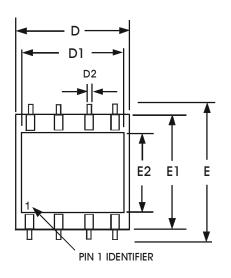
FIGURE 2

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

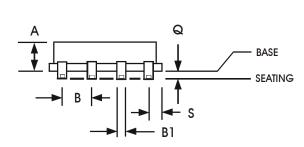


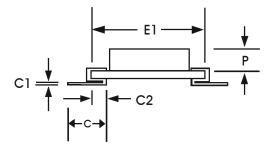
MECHANICAL

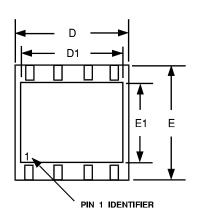
FIGURE 3



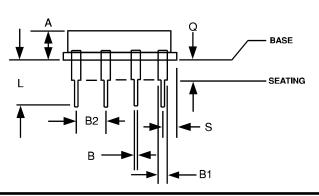
	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	D2	.018	.023	0.46	0.58
В	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	Е	.507	.513	12.8	13.0
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	E1	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
С	.107	.113	2.71	2.89	E2	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
C1	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
C2	.052	.058	1.32	1.47	Q	.020	.030	.508	.762
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39
D1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65					

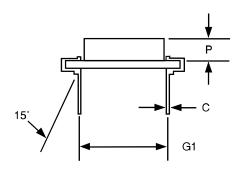






	INC	HES	MILLI	MILLIMETER		INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	Е	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
В	.018	.022	.457	.558	E1	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	G1	.290	.310	7.36	7.87
B2	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	L	.195	.215	4.95	5.46
С	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	Q	.055	.065	1.39	1.65
D 1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39





VRE304-6 Low Cost Precision Reference



THALER CORPORATION •2015 N. FORBES BOULEVARD •TUCSON, AZ. 8574 5 •(520) 882 -4000

FEATURES

• 4.096 V OUTPUT ± 0.409 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: 3μV _{p-p} (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

• OPERATES ON +15V SUPPLY

PIN CONFIGURATION

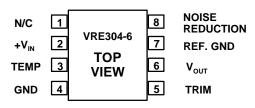


FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE304-6 is a low cost, high precision 4.096V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +4.096V output with ±0.409 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE304-6 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE304-6 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. For ultra low noise applications, an external capacitor can be attached between the noise reduction pin and the ground pin. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE304-6 is recommended for use as a reference for 14, 16, or 18 bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE304-6 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

	Initial Error	Temp. Coeff.	Temp. Range
Model	mV	ppm/°C	°C
VRE304-6A	0.41	0.6	0°C to +70°C
VRE304-6B	0.64	1.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE304-6C	0.82	2.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE304-6J	0.41	0.6	-40°C to +85°C
VRE304-6K	0.64	1.0	-40°C to +85°C
VRE304-6L	0.82	2.0	-40°C to +85°C

For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

VRE304-6DS REV. D JUN 1999

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS VRE304-6 Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = $10K\Omega$ unless otherwise noted. B/K **MODEL** A/J C/L **PARAMETER** MIN TYP MIN **TYP** MAX MIN TYP MAX UNITS MAX **ABSOLUTE RATINGS Power Supply** +15 +22 V +13 °C Operating Temp. (A,B,C) 0 +70 Operating Temp. (J,K,L) °C -40 +85 Storage Temperature °C -65 +150**Short Circuit Protection** Continuous **OUTPUT VOLTAGE** V VRE304-6 4.096 (1) 630 Temp. Sensor Voltage m۷ **OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERRORS** Initial Error (2) 0.41 0.64 0.82 m۷ Warmup Drift 2 3 1 ppm T_{min} - T_{max} (3) Long-Term Stability ppm/°C 0.6 1.0 2.0 ppm/1000hrs 6 Noise (.1-10Hz) (4) 3 μVpp **OUTPUT CURRENT** ±10 Range mA REGULATION 10 ppm/V Line 6 3 ppm/mA Load **OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT** Range 10 m۷ POWER SUPPLY CURRENTS (5) 7 VRE304-6 +PS 5 mΑ

NOTES: *Same as A/J Models.

- 1. The temp. reference TC is 2.1mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 2. The specified values are without external trim.
- 3. The temperature coefficient is determined by the box method using the following formula:

T.C. =
$$\frac{V_{\text{max}} - V_{\text{min}}}{V_{\text{nominal}} \times (T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}})} \times 10^{6}$$

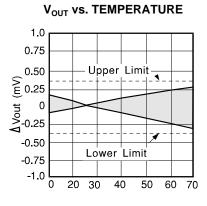
- 4. The specified values are without the external noise reduction capacitor.
- 5. The specified values are unloaded.

VRE304-6DS REV. D JUN 1999

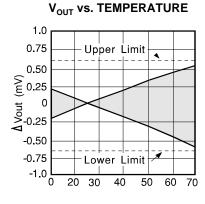
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

V_{OUT} vs. TEMPERATURE 1.0 0.75 0.50 0.50 0.25 0.25 0.25 Upper Limit Lower Limit -0.50 -0.75 -1.0 20 30 40 50 60

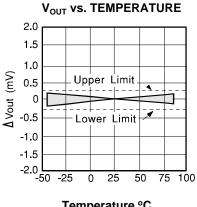
Temperature °C VRE304-6A



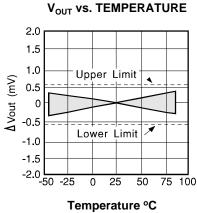
Temperature °C VRE304-6B



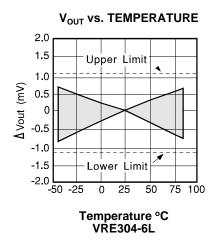
Temperature °C VRE304-6C

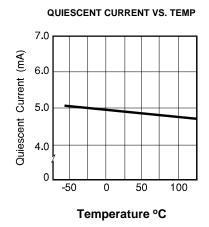


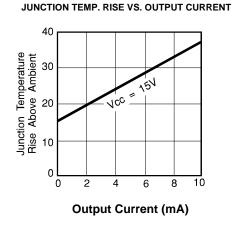
Temperature °C VRE304-6J

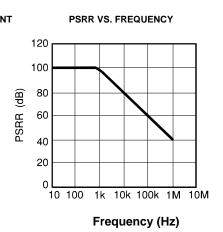


VRE304-6K









DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 4.096V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1+R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE304-6 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor for initial error and the optional capacitor for noise reduction. The VRE304-6 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE304-6-

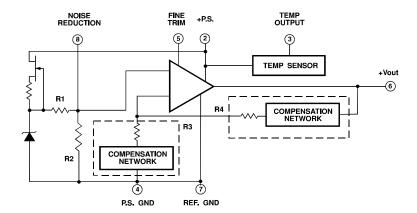


FIGURE 2

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

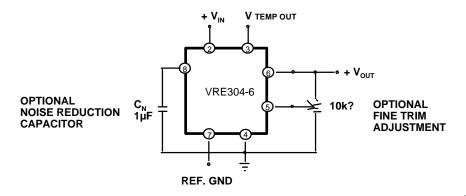
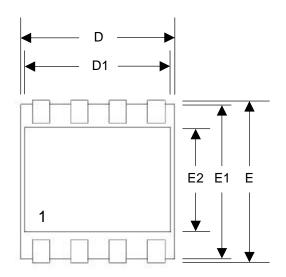


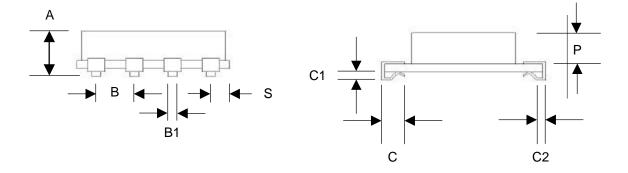
FIGURE 3

VRE304-6DS REV. D JUN 1999

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

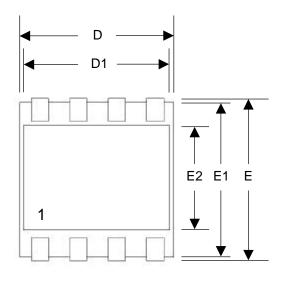
	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.110	.120	2.794	3.048	D1	.372	.380	9.45	9.65
В	.095	.105	2.413	2.667	Е	.425	.435	10.80	11.05
B1	.021	.027	0.533	0.686	E1	.397	.403	10.08	10.24
С	.055	.065	1.397	1.651	E2	.264	.270	6.71	6.86
C1	.012	.020	0.305	0.508	Р	.085	.095	2.16	2.41
C2	.020	.040	0.508	1.016	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.40
D	.395	.405	10.03	10.29					

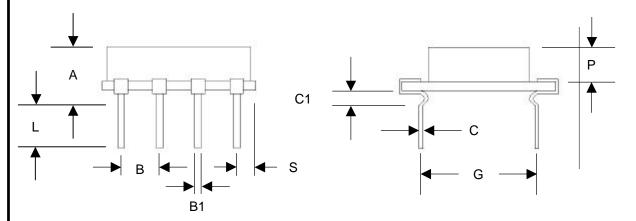




MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.170	.180	4.318	4.572	Е	.425	.435	10.80	11.05
В	.095	.105	2.413	2.667	E1	.397	.403	10.08	10.24
B1	.016	.020	0.406	0.508	E2	.264	.270	6.71	6.86
С	.008	.011	0.203	0.279	G	.290	.310	7.36	7.87
C1	.055	.065	1.397	1.651	L	.175	.225	4.46	5.72
D	.395	.405	10.03	10.29	Р	.085	.095	2.16	2.41
D1	.372	.380	9.45	9.65	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.40





VRE305 Low Cost Precision Reference



THALER CORPORATION • 2015 N. FORBES BOULEVARD • TUCSON, AZ. 85745 • (520) 882-4000

FEATURES

• 5.000 V OUTPUT ± 0.500 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: $3\mu V_{p-p}$ (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

OUTPUT TRIM CAPABILITY

PIN CONFIGURATION

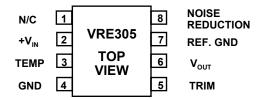


FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE305 is a low cost, high precision 5.0V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +5.000V output with ±0.5000 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE305 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE305 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. For ultra low noise applications, an external capacitor can be attached between the noise reduction pin and the ground pin. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE305 is recommended for use as a reference for 14, 16, or 18 bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE305 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

Model	Initial Error mV	Temp. Coeff. ppm/°C	Temp. Range °C
VRE305A	0.5	0.6	0°C to +70°C
VRE305B	0.8	1.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE305C	1.0	2.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE305J	0.5	0.6	-40°C to +85°C
VRE305K	0.8	1.0	-40°C to +85°C
VRE305L	1.0	2.0	-40°C to +85°C

For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

ELECTRICAL SPEC Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10kΩ ur										VRE305
MODEL		A/J			B/K			C/L		
PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE RATINGS										
Power Supply Operating Temp. (A,B,C) Operating Temp. (J,K,L) Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	+13.5 0 -40 -65	+15 Continuo	+22 +70 +85 +150 us	* * *	*	* * *	* * *	*	* * *	°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°
OUTPUT VOLTAGE										
VRE305 Temp. Sensor Voltage		5.000 630			*			*		V mV
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERR	ORS									
Initial Error ⁽²⁾ Warmup Drift T _{min} - T _{max} ⁽³⁾ Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz) ⁽⁴⁾		1 6 3	0.50 0.6		2 * *	0.80 1.0		3 * *	1.00	mV ppm ppm/°C ppm/1000hrs μVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT										
Range	±10			*			*			mA
REGULATION										
Line Load		6 3	10		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT										
Range		10			*			*		mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRE	ENTS (5))								
VRE305 +PS		5	7		*	*		*	*	mA
NOTES: *Same as A/J Models. 1. The temp. reference TC is 2.1mV/°C 2. The specified values are without external trim. 3. The temperature coefficient is determined by the box method using the following formula: 4. The specified values are without the external noise reduction capacitor. 5. The specified values are unloaded.										

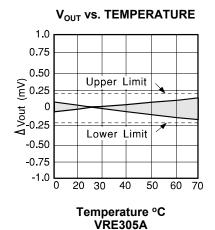
V_{max} - V_{min} x 10⁶

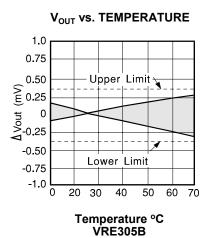
 $V_{nominal} x (T_{max}-T_{min})$

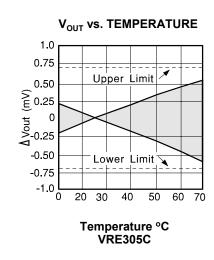
T.C. =

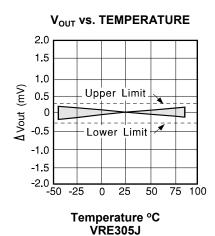
VRE305DS REV. D MAY 2001

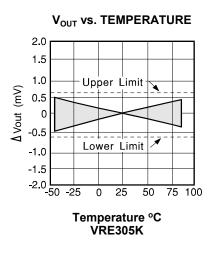
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

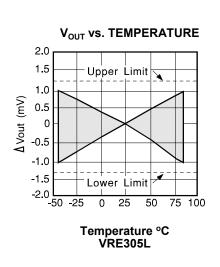


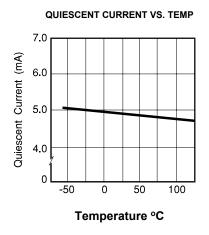


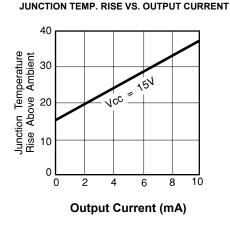


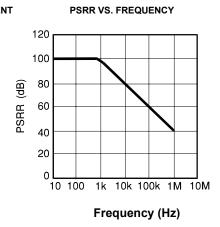












DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 5.000V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE305 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor for initial error and the optional capacitor for noise reduction. The VRE305 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE305

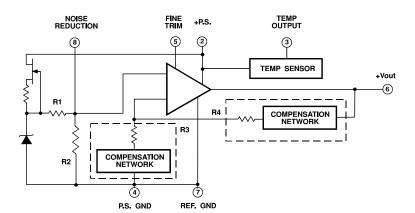
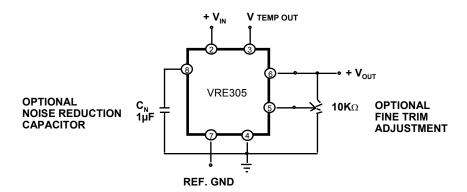


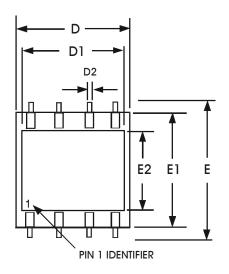
FIGURE 2

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

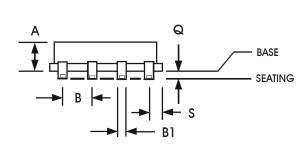


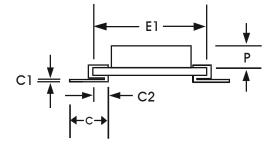
MECHANICAL

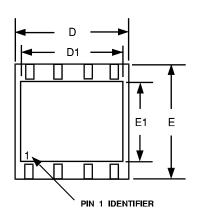
FIGURE 3



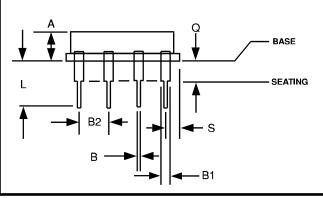
	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	D2	.018	.023	0.46	0.58
В	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	Е	.507	.513	12.8	13.0
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	E1	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
С	.107	.113	2.71	2.89	E2	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
C1	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
C2	.052	.058	1.32	1.47	Q	.020	.030	.508	.762
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39
D1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65					

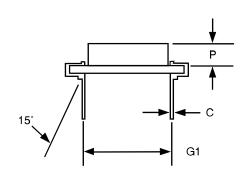






	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	Е	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
В	.018	.022	.457	.558	E1	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	G1	.290	.310	7.36	7.87
B2	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	L	.195	.215	4.95	5.46
С	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	Q	.055	.065	1.39	1.65
D 1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39





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FEATURES

• 6.000 V OUTPUT ± 0.600 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: $4\mu V_{p-p}$ (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

OUTPUT TRIM CAPABILITY

PIN CONFIGURATION

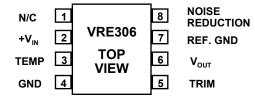


FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE306 is a low cost, high precision 6.0V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +6.000V output with ±0.6000 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE306 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE306 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. For ultra low noise applications, an external capacitor can be attached between the noise reduction pin and the ground pin. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE306 is recommended for use as a reference for 14, 16, or 18 bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE306 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

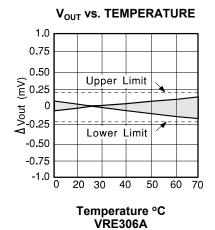
Model	Initial	Temp.	Temp.
	Error	Coeff.	Range
	mV	ppm/°C	°C
VRE306A	0.6	0.6	0°C to +70°C
VRE306C	1.2	2.0	0°C to +70°C
VRE306J	0.6	0.6	-40°C to +85°C
VRE306K	1.0	1.0	-40°C to +85°C
VRE306L	1.2	2.0	-40°C to +85°C

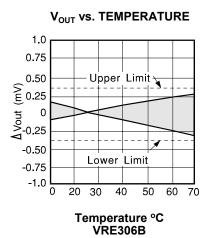
For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

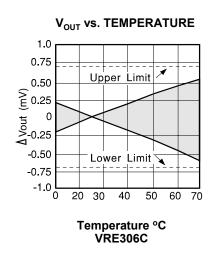
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10KΩ unless otherwise noted.										VRE306
MODEL		A/J			B/K			C/L		
PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE RATINGS										
Power Supply Operating Temp. (A,B,C) Operating Temp. (J,K,L) Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	+14 0 -40 -65	+15 Continuo	+16 +70 +85 +150 us	* * *	*	* * *	* * *	*	* * *	ئ ئ م
OUTPUT VOLTAGE										
VRE306 Temp. Sensor Voltage		6.000 630			*			*		V mV
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERR	ORS	•				•	•			•
Initial Error ⁽²⁾ Warmup Drift T _{min} - T _{max} ⁽³⁾ Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz) ⁽⁴⁾		1 6 4	0.60 0.6		2 * *	1.00 1.0		3	1.20 2.0	mV ppm ppm/°C ppm/1000hrs µVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT										
Range	±10			*			*			mA
REGULATION										
Line Load		6 3	10		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT										
Range		10			*			*		mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRE	ENTS (5)								
VRE306 +PS		5	7		*	*		*	*	mA
NOTES: *Same as A/J Models. 1. The temp. reference TC is 2.1mV/ °C 2. The specified values are without external trim. 3. The temperature coefficient is determined by the box method using the following formula: 4. The specified values are without the expression is noise reduction capacitor. 5. The specified values are unloaded.										

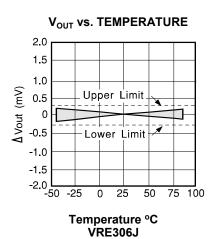
T.C. = $\frac{V_{\text{max}} - V_{\text{min}}}{V_{\text{nominal}} \times (T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}})} \times 10^{6}$

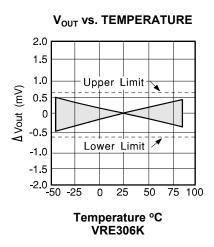
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

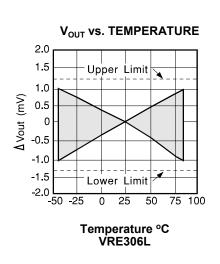


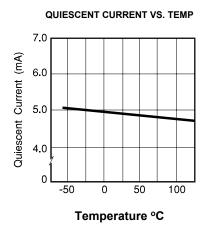


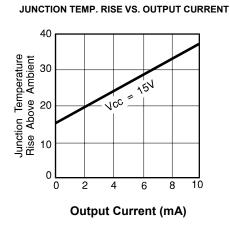


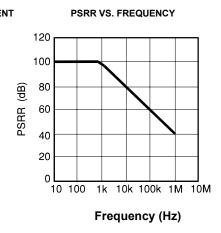












DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 6.000V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE306 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor for initial error and the optional capacitor for noise reduction. The VRE306 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE306

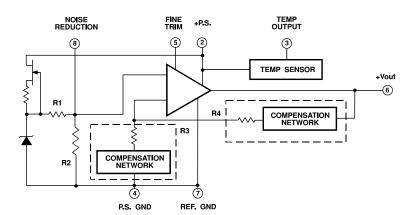
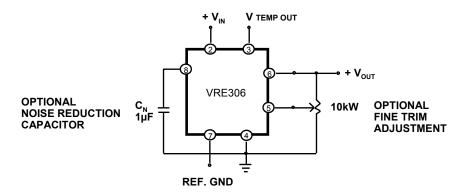
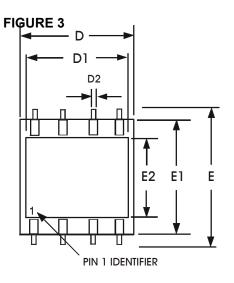


FIGURE 2

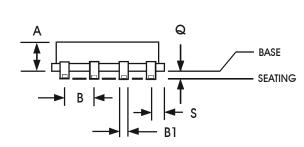
EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

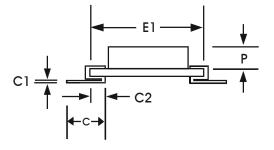


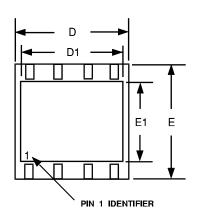
MECHANICAL



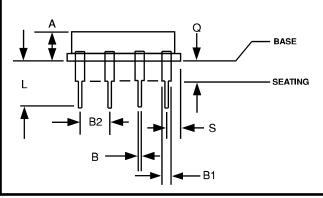
	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	D2	.018	.023	0.46	0.58
В	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	Е	.507	.513	12.8	13.0
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	E1	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
С	.107	.113	2.71	2.89	E2	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
C1	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
C2	.052	.058	1.32	1.47	Q	.020	.030	.508	.762
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39
D1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65					

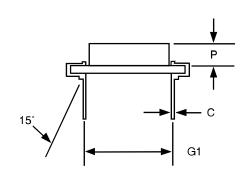






	INC	HES	MILLI	METER		INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	Е	.397	.403	10.0	10.2
В	.018	.022	.457	.558	E1	.264	.270	6.70	6.85
B1	.046	.051	1.14	1.29	G1	.290	.310	7.36	7.87
B2	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	L	.195	.215	4.95	5.46
С	.009	.012	0.22	0.30	Р	.085	.095	2.15	2.41
D	.397	.403	10.0	10.2	Q	.055	.065	1.39	1.65
D 1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65	S	.045	.055	1.14	1.39





VRE310 Low Cost Precision Reference



THALER CORPORATION • 2015 N. FORBES BOULEVARD • TUCSON, AZ. 85745 • (520) 882-4000

FEATURES

• 10.000 V OUTPUT ± 1.000 mV (.01%)

• TEMPERATURE DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C

• LOW NOISE: $6\mu V_{p-p}$ (0.1-10Hz)

• INDUSTRY STD PINOUT- 8 PIN DIP OR SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

•EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6ppm/V Typ.

OUTPUT TRIM CAPABILITY

PIN CONFIGURATION

8 7 6 5	NOISE REDUCTION REF. GND V _{OUT} TRIM
	7

FIGURE 1

DESCRIPTION

The VRE310 is a low cost, high precision 10.0V reference. Packaged in the industry standard 8 pin DIP, the device is ideal for upgrading systems that use lower performance references.

The device provides ultrastable +10.000V output with ±1.000 mV (.01%) initial accuracy and a temperature coefficient of 0.6 ppm/°C. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, patented multipoint laser compensation technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE310 series the most accurate reference available in the standard 8 pin DIP package.

For enhanced performance, the VRE310 has an external trim option for users who want less than 0.01% initial error. For ultra low noise applications, an external capacitor can be attached between the noise reduction pin and the ground pin. A reference ground pin is provided to eliminate socket contact resistance errors.

The VRE310 is recommended for use as a reference for 14-, 16-, or 18-bit D/A converters which require an external precision reference. The device is also ideal for calibrating scale factor on high resolution A/D converters. The VRE310 offers superior performance over monolithic references.

SELECTION GUIDE

	Model	Initial Error mV	Temp. Coeff. ppm/°C	Temp. Range °C		
٧	RE310A	1.0	0.6	0°C to +70°C		
V	RE310B	1.6	1.0	0°C to +70°C		
٧	RE310C	2.0	2.0	0°C to +70°C		
V	RE310J	1.0	0.6	-40°C to +85°C		
V	RE310K	1.6	1.0	-40°C to +85°C		
V	RE310L	2.0	2.0	-40°C to +85°C		

For package option add D for DIP or S for Surface Mount to end of model number.

ELECTRICAL SPEC Vps =+15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10ΚΩ ur										VRE310
MODEL		A/J			B/K			C/L		
PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE RATINGS										
Power Supply Operating Temp. (A,B,C) Operating Temp. (J,K,L) Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	-40 -65	+15 Continuo	+22 +70 +85 +150 ous	* * *	*	* * *	* * *	*	* * *	°C °C °C
OUTPUT VOLTAGE										
VRE310 Temp. Sensor Voltage		10.000 630			*			*		V mV
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERR	ORS									
Initial Error ⁽²⁾ Warmup Drift T _{min} - T _{max} ⁽³⁾ Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz) ⁽⁴⁾		1 6 6	1.00 0.6		2 * *	1.60 1.0		3 * *	2.00	mV ppm ppm/°C ppm/1000hrs µVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT										
Range	±10			*			*			mA
REGULATION										
Line Load		3 3	10		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT										
Range		20			*			*		mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRE	ENTS (5))								
VRE310 +PS		5	7		*	*		*	*	mA
NOTES: *Same as A/J 1. The temp. reference To the specified values and the temperature coefficient method using the following the specifical series.	e box	4. The specified values are without the external noise reduction capacitor.5. The specified values are unloaded.								

V_{max} - V_{min} x 10⁶

 $V_{nominal} x (T_{max}-T_{min})$

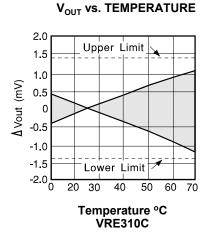
T.C. =

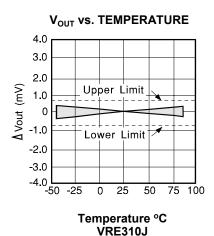
VRE310DS REV. D MAY 2001

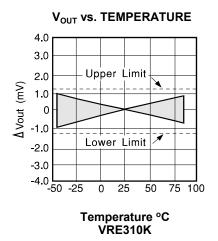
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

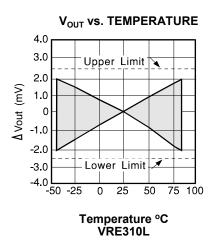
V_{OUT} vs. TEMPERATURE 2.0 1.5 1.0 Upper Limit ∆Vout (mV) 0.5 0 -0.5 Lower Limit -1.0 -1.5 -2.0 30 40 50 60 Temperature °C VRE310A

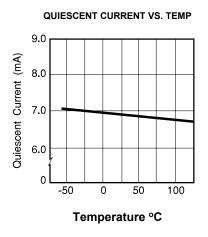
V_{OUT} vs. TEMPERATURE 2.0 1.5 Upper Limit 1.0 ∆Vout (mV) 0.5 0 -0.5 -1.0 Lower Limit -1.5 -2.0 40 30 Temperature °C VRE310B

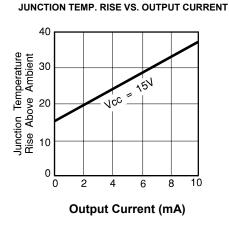


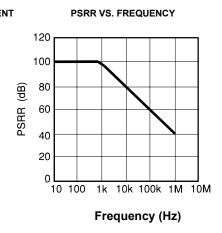












DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic in figure 2 below. In operation, approximately 6.3 volts is applied to the noninverting input of the op amp. The voltage is amplified by the op amp to produce a 10.000V output. The gain is determined by the networks R1 and R2: G=1 + R2/R1. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

The zener operating current is derived from the regulated output voltage through R3. This feedback arrangement provides a closely regulated zener current. This current determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By then adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges.

This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability. By using highly stable resistors in our network, we produce a voltage reference that also has very good long term stability

Figure 3 shows the proper connection of the VRE310 series voltage references with the optional trim resistor. The VRE310 reference has the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 4 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 4 to the power supply ground and pin 7 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

VRE310

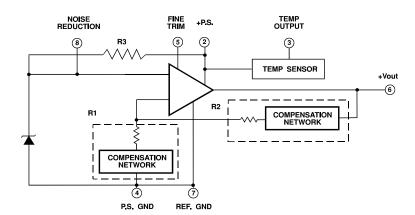
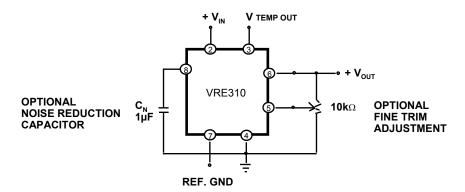


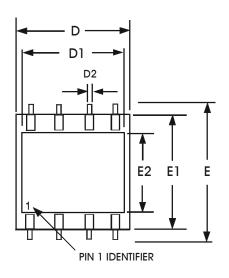
FIGURE 2

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

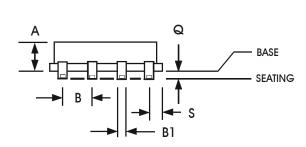


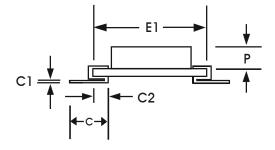
MECHANICAL

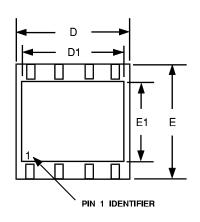
FIGURE 3



	INC	HES	MILLIMETER			INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.115	.125	2.92	3.17	D2	.018	.023	0.46	0.58
В	.098	.102	2.48	2.59	Е	.507	.513	12.8	13.0
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D1	.372	.380	9.44	9.65					







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